## Good indigenous trees and shrubs to plant in gardens, schools, lodges, and municipal areas in the central parts of Namibia in preference to exotic / alien species

## Namibian Invasive Alien Species Working Group January 2024

This document consists of three Tables. Table 1 lists tree species that are indigenous to Namibia, are drought resistant, have no thorns, can grow larger than 5 m high, can grow into a nice tree shape and are not known to crack buildings if planted in close proximity (which may happen if a species of the wild Fig (*Ficus*) species is planted too close to buildings). They all have some degree of frost resistance. Those indicated with +/- are best planted higher up on a hill (as cold air tends to descend and hang in the valleys), protected when young and if possible, sheltered by a building or frost resistant tree situated more uphill (to protect the crown from 'frost burn'). Most indigenous trees in nature in arid and semi-arid areas grow fairly slowly. However, under garden conditions when a good-sized planting hole is prepared with bone meal, compost and manure, and when the saplings are watered monthly through the dry season, most trees will be medium to fast growers. It is well worth investing in a large well-prepared planting hole! Some species, e.g. Shepherd's Bush (*Boscia albitrunca*) may start off slowly with strong root development before significant growth above ground occurs. Some trees that are evergreen in northern Namibia may be semi-deciduous in the central highlands in and around Windhoek.

Table 1: Indigenous thornless trees to the central regions of Namibia that are drought resistant, can grow to at least 5 m in height, and are generally frost resistant										
Common name	Scientific name	Height (m)	Evergreen	Good shade tree	Frost resistance	Mostly not "Messy"	Noteworthy			
Shepherd's tree	Boscia albitrunca	<10	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Slow growth at first, but then faster			
Ringwood tree	Maerua schinzii	3 - 7	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	Attractive growth form			
Wild olive	Olea europaea subsp. cuspidata	5 - 8	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Slow growth at first, but then fast			
Wild ebony	Euclea pseudebenus	3 - 9	<b>√</b>	<b>~</b>	<b>√</b>		Graceful, slow - medium grower			
Worm-cure Albizia	Albizia anthelmintica	2 - 10		+/-	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Striking early flowering attracts insects & birds, attractive growth form			
African wattle	Peltophorum africanum	3 - 12	+/-	<b>√</b>	+/- to ✓		Striking yellow flowers			
Namibian resin tree	Ozoroa crassinervia	4 - 9		+/- to ✓	✓	✓	Attractive, slow growth at			

Table 1: Indigenous thornless trees to the central regions of Namibia that are drought resistant, can grow to at least 5 m in height, and are generally frost resistant Common Scientific Height Evergreen Good Frost Mostly Noteworthy shade name name (m) resistance not "Messy" tree first, but then fast Kalahari Philenoptera 3 - 12 +/-+/-Slow grower, apple-leaf, nelsii subsp. striking purple Appelblaar nelsii flowers on female trees Mountain Kirkia 5 - 13 +/- to +/-Fast grower kirkia, acuminata Bergsering Prefers lime Bushveld Elaeodendron < 10 +/- to ✓ saffron transvaalense soil, fast grower +/-Kigelia 2 - 15 +/-Striking Sausage tree flowers, iconic africana fruits Marula Sclerocarya < 10 +/- to ✓ Fast grower, +/- to birrea subsp. edible fruits if caffra female tree, grows taller in the north Kudu bush 2 - 6 Nice autumn Combretum apiculatum colours subsp. apiculatum Karee Searsia lancea 3 - 6 +/-Fast grower, avoid over watering (aphid infestations) ✓ Satin-bark Commiphora 1 - 12 corkwood tenuipetiolata Bird plum Berchemia 3 - 12 +/-Attracts birds discolor and insects (may attract bees, edible fruits ✓ Namib coral-Erythrina **Red flowers** <8 +/\_ decora tree Phantom tree, Moringa 3 - 8 +/-Iconic shape sprokies ovalifolia and bark boom African Star-Sterculia 6 - 12 +/-Slow growth, chestnut africana iconic stem

Table 2 lists tree species that have the same attributes as those in Table 1, but they have thorns.

Table 2: Indigenous thorny trees to the central regions of Namibia that are drought resistant, can grow to at least 5 m in height, and are generally frost resistant Common Scientific Height Evergreen Good Frost Mostly Noteworthy name name (m) shade resistance not "Messy" tree <20 Camel-thorn Acacia Iconic (Vachellia) erioloba ✓ ✓ Sweet-thorn Acacia <10 (Vachellia) karroo Kalahari Acacia <10 (Vachellia) acacia luederitzii Red <7 Acacia umbrella-(Vachellia) thorn reficiens Umbrella-✓ Acacia <11 +/-Slow grower, thorn (Vachellia) umbrellatortilis shaped crown Faidherbia 10-20 +/-+/-Ana tree albida ✓ Buffalo-Ziziphus <7 Seeds attract thorn mucronata birds Purple-pod Terminalia 2-8 +/-Often multiterminalia prunioides stemmed Greenhair < 5 Parkinsonia tree africana Tall Commiphora 2 - 10 Live fence, gum commonglandulosa toxic corkwood Pachypodium 4 - 6 Iconic succulent Bottle tree lealii stem, latex poisonous, striking flowers in spring **√** ✓ Jacket plum Pappea < 5 +/- to ✓ Edible fruit on capensis female trees

Table 3 lists small trees and shrubs, including succulent species, that are excellent for filling gaps in gardens while maintaining a view, planting under large trees, and attracting butterflies and birds into the garden. Shrubs are best planted in clusters of three to five plants of mixed species.

Table 3: Small trees and shrubs indigenous to the central regions of Namibia that are drought resistant, typically grow from 2-4 m in height, and are generally frost resistant

Common name	Scientific name	Height (m)	Evergreen	Good shade tree	Frost resistance	Mostly not "Messy"	Noteworthy
Quiver tree	Aloe dichotoma	<5	<b>√</b>		<b>✓</b>	✓	Feature succulent
Windhoek aloe	Aloe littoralis	<3	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	✓	Feature succulent
Blue sourplum	Ximenia americana	2-3	<b>√</b>		+/-		Thorny, edible fruits – attracts birds
Yellow-bark acacia	Acacia (Senegalia) erubescens	<5			<b>✓</b>		Thorny
Candle-pod acacia	Acacia (Vachellia) hebeclada	<6			<b>~</b>		Thorny
Mountain- thorn acacia	Acacia (Senegalia) hereroensis	<7			<b>√</b>		Thorny
Black-thorn acacia	Acacia (Senegalia) mellifera	<5			<b>√</b>	✓	Thorny, invasive
Cork bush, silver bush	Mundulea sericea	<3			<b>√</b>	✓	Toxic, Violet/mauve flowers
Blue-leaved corkwood	Commiphora glaucescens	<2			<b>✓</b>	✓	Grows taller in the north
Fire-thorn corkwood	Commiphora pyracanthoides	0.5-2.5			<b>✓</b>	✓	Thorny, live fence
Lavender croton	Croton gratissimus	<5	+/-		<b>✓</b>		Leaves with aromatic oil
Bitter karee	Searsia (Rhus) marlothii	<5	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	✓	
Kobas	Cyphostemma currorii	<5			<b>~</b>	✓	Toxic
Two- coloured raisin-bush	Grewia bicolor	2			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Edible fruit, attracts birds & insects
Velvet raisin bush	Grewia flava	2			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Edible fruit, attracts birds & insects
Rough- leaved raisin-bush	Grewia flavescens	2-3			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	Edible fruit, attracts birds & insects
Wild pear	Dombeya rotundifolia	3-5			<b>~</b>	✓	Attractive white flowers
Common guarri	Euclea undulata	<4	✓		✓	✓	Dense bush
White puzzle-bush	Ehretia alba	<4	+/-		✓	✓	
Simple- leaved rhigozum	Rhigozum brevispinosum	<3			<b>√</b>	✓	Golden yellow flowers. Thorny

Table 3: Small trees and shrubs indigenous to the central regions of Namibia that are drought resistant, typically grow from 2-4 m in height, and are generally frost resistant Mostly Common Scientific name Height Evergreen Good Frost Noteworthy (m) shade resistance not name "Messy" tree Trumpet-Catophractes 1-3 White to thorn alexandri pinkish trumpet flowers Camphor Tarchonanthus 2-4 +/- to ✓ Fast growing, bush camphoratus good for screening Knobbly Combretum < 3 +/- to ✓ Climbing shrub suited for bushwillow mossambicense trellis 2 Tree cotton Gossypium Cotton, herbaceum attracts birds, trellis Pink wild Gossypium 1.5 Cotton, cotton anomalum attractive purple flowers

Milkbush

Euphorbia

mauritanica

0.5 - 1

✓

Toxic, fast

grower